



Reshaping public accountability: Hospital reforms in Germany, Norway and Denmark

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Collaboration among Government, Market and Society APPAM Conference Fudan University

Shanghai 26 May, 2013

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We would like to gratefully acknowledge our Funder



Parent Project

Reforming the Welfare State: Accountability, Democracy and Management (2011-2014)

How do recent welfare reforms reshape the balance between traditional and new forms of public accountability in Norway, Denmark and Germany?







Introduction

- Healthcare systems in Europe: mounting internal & external pressures
 - Challenge: high quality with efficiency & responsiveness
- New Public Management reforms (Hood, 1995)
- Shift towards multi-level governance in the health care sector (Hooghe & Marks, 2001)







Research Question

How have the recent, partially NPM-inspired reforms in healthcare impacted accountability relations within a system of multi-level welfare governance?

- Case study: hospital planning and investment funding in Germany, Norway and Denmark
 - Interaction between NPM ideas & public accountability
 - At what institutional levels are investment decisions taken?
- Hypothesis: stronger emphasis on managerial accountability, potentially to the detriment of public (political) and professional accountability







Conceptual Framework

Accountability (Mulgan, 2002; Mattei, 2012; Mattei 2009)

Types of accountability for investment decisions					
	Public	Managerial	Professional		
Direction	Clear democratic accountability lines from electorate to elected politicians	Accountability to owners/shareholders (private) or autonomous boards if public.	Accountability primarily to professional forums and logic		
Logic	Emphasis on broader public good/interest	Emphasis on "business opportunity" and "bottom line"	Emphasis on medical/ clinical evidence for investment decisions.		
Focus	Process dimensions (openness, involvement, due process etc.) and politically determined substance goals	Output dimensions: bottom line, business strategy	Clinical output/outcome		

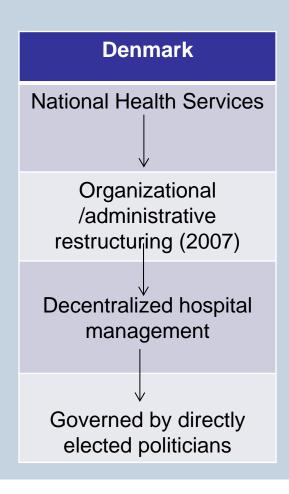


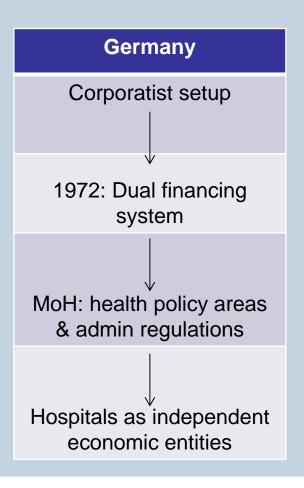




Hospitals Institutional Configurations

Norway National Health Services State ownership (2002 Health Enterprise Act) Decentralized hospital management (five regional trusts) Decoupled from political representatives











Hospital Planning

	Norway	Denmark	Germany
Major Reform	2002 HEA: Hospitals as separate legal autonomous "enterprises"	2007 Reform: streamlined structures, specialization & economies of scale	1972 reform: dual financing system and centrality of Laender
Action 1	Removal of political control from elected politicians	Centralization of treatment facilities within regions (closure of smaller ones)	1993: stabilize costs, structural reforms (ABF)
Action 2	Autonomy in using expert judgment, not central directives	Regional investment plans approved by Juhl Commission (central government)	2009 Finance law: efficiency and productivity
Implication for autonomy & public accountability	Ambiguity between autonomy and political control (after 2006 reform)	Limited regional autonomy and great role of experts	Reduced autonomy of Länder







The Impact of Hospital Reform: The Reshaping of Public Accountability

- Centralization as the dominant reform tendency
- Economization of hospital planning and funding
- Corporatization, albeit with distinct trajectories
- Uncertain democratic accountability, especially at the regional level







Thank you!

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Project Website

http://www.sant.ox.ac.uk/esc/reformingwelfarestates/







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